

## 5 甲基胞嘧啶抗体

产品货号： mlR9450

英文名称： 5 MethylCytosine

中文名称： 5 甲基胞嘧啶抗体

别名： 5-Methyl Cytidine; 5 m C; 5 mC; 5 me C; 5 Me Cytidine; 5 MeCyd; 5 Methyl Cytidine; 5 MethylCytosine; 5-mC; 5-Me Cytidine; 5-Methyl-Cytosine; 5-MethylCytidine.

产品类型 药物与化合物抗体

研究领域： 细胞生物 转录调节因子

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： 5 MethylCytosine

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量：0.16159kDa

细胞定位：细胞核

性状：Lyophilized or Liquid

浓度：1mg/ml

免疫原：KLH conjugated 5 MethylCytosine:

亚型：IgG

纯化方法：affinity purified by Protein A

存液：0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件：Store at -20 癆 for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 癆. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 癆.

PubMed：PubMed

**产品介绍 background :**

Cytidine is a nucleoside formed by a cytosine attached to a ribose ring via a beta-N1-glycosidic bond. DNA is methylated on cytidines by DNA methylases (DNMTs) to generate 5-methylcytidine (5-mC), a potent epigenetics marker and regulator of gene expression. The reverse reaction (cytidine demethylation) starts with its oxidation to hydroxymethyl- (5-hmC), formyl- (5-fC), and carboxy- (5-caC) cytidine. Several enzymes, including the Tet family of proteins have been implicated in cytidine demethylation.

**Subcellular Location:**

Nuclear.

**SWISS:**

N/A

**CAS:**

58366-64-6

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.