

硒蛋白 SECIS 结合蛋白 2 抗体

产品货号: mlR19622

英文名称: SECISBP2

中文名称: 硒蛋白 SECIS 结合蛋白 2 抗体

别 名: DKFZp686C09169; OTTHUMP00000064929; OTTHUMP00000064930; OTTHUMP00000064931; OTTHUMP00000064932; RP11 89K14.1; SBP 2; SBP2, SEBP2_HUMAN; SECIS binding protein 2; SECISBP2; Selenocysteine insertion sequence binding protein 2; Selenocysteine insertion sequence-binding protein 2.

研究领域: 细胞生物 发育生物学 信号转导 干细胞 表观遗传学

抗体来源: Rabbit

克隆类型: Polyclonal

交叉反应: Human,

产品应用 : ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 (石蜡切片需

做抗原修复)

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量: 95kDa

细胞定位: 细胞核

性 状: Lyophilized or Liquid



浓 度: 1mg/ml

免疫原: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SECISBP2:471-570/854

亚型: IgG

纯化方法: affinity purified by Protein A

储存液: 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件: Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed: PubMed

产品介绍: The incorporation of selenocysteine into a protein requires the concerted action of an mRNA element called a sec insertion sequence (SECIS), a selenocysteine-specific translation elongation factor and a SECIS binding protein. With these elements in place, a UGA codon can be decoded as selenocysteine. The gene described in this record encodes a nuclear protein that functions as a SECIS binding protein. Mutations in this gene have been associated with a reduction in activity of a specific thyroxine deiodinase, a selenocysteine-containing enzyme, and abnormal thyroid hormone metabolism. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013]

Function:

Binds to the SECIS element in the 3'-UTR of some mRNAs encoding selenoproteins. Binding is stimulated by SELB.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus.

Tissue Specificity:



Expressed at high levels in testis.

DISEASE:
Defects in SECISBP2 are a cause of abnormal thyroid hormone metabolism (ATHYHM) [MIM:609698]. This
phenotype is associated with a reduction in type II iodothyronine deiodinase activity.
swiss:
Q96T21
Gene ID:
79048
Important Note:
This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic
applications.