

磷酸化 P21 蛋白激活的蛋白激酶 6

产品货号： mlR5556

英文名称： phospho-PAK6 (Ser165)

中文名称： 磷酸化 P21 蛋白激活的蛋白激酶 6

别名： PAK6 (phospho Ser165); p-PAK6 (phospho S165); PAK6(phospho S165); CDKN1A activated kinase 6; p21 activated protein kinase 6; p21 protein (Cdc42/Rac)-activated kinase 6; p21(CDKN1A) activated kinase 6; p21-ACTIVATED KINASE 6; p21activated kinase 6; PAK 5; PAK 6; PAK5; Serine threonine protein kinase PAK 6; Serine/threonine protein kinase PAK 6; Serine/threonine protein kinase PAK6.

产品类型： 磷酸化抗体

研究领域： 免疫学 信号转导 激酶和磷酸酶

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human, Mouse, Rat,

产品应用： WB=1:500-2000 ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量： 75kDa

细胞定位： 细胞浆

性状： Lyophilized or Liquid

浓度： 1mg/ml

免疫原： KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human PAK6 around the phosphorylation site of Ser165:PQ(p-S)P

亚型： IgG

纯化方法： affinity purified by Protein A

储存液： 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件： Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

PubMed : PubMed

产品介绍 background:

This gene encodes a protein that shares a high degree of sequence similarity with p21-activated kinase (PAK) family members. The proteins of this family are Rac/Cdc42-associated Ste20-like Ser/Thr protein kinases, characterized by a highly conserved amino-terminal Cdc42/Rac interactive binding (CRIB) domain and a carboxyl-terminal kinase domain. PAK kinases are implicated in the regulation of a number of cellular processes, including cytoskeleton rearrangement, apoptosis and the MAP kinase signaling pathway. The protein encoded by this gene was found to interact with androgen receptor (AR), which is a steroid hormone-dependent transcription factor that is important for male sexual differentiation and development. The p21-activated protein kinase 6 gene was found to be highly expressed in testis and prostate tissues and the encoded protein was shown to cotranslocate into the nucleus with AR in response to androgen.

Function:

Serine/threonine protein kinase that plays a role in the regulation of gene transcription. The kinase activity is induced by various effectors including AR or MAP2K6/MAPKK6. Phosphorylates the DNA-binding domain of androgen receptor/AR and thereby inhibits AR-mediated transcription. Inhibits also ESR1-mediated transcription. May play a role in cytoskeleton regulation by interacting with IQGAP1. May protect cells from apoptosis through phosphorylation of BAD.

Subunit:

Interacts tightly with GTP-bound but not GDP-bound CDC42/p21 and RAC1. Interacts with the androgen receptor AR and the estrogen receptor ESR1. Interacts with IQGAP1 and PPM1B.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cotranslocates into nucleus with AR in response to androgen induction.

Tissue Specificity:

Selectively expressed in brain and testis, with lower levels in multiple tissues including prostate and breast.

Post-translational modifications:

Autophosphorylated. Phosphorylated by MAP2K6//MAPKK6, leading to PAK6 activation.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. STE Ser/Thr protein kinase family. STE20 subfamily.

Contains 1 CRIB domain.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

SWISS:

Q9NQU5

Gene ID:

56924

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

产品图片

